



2021-2022 Highlights

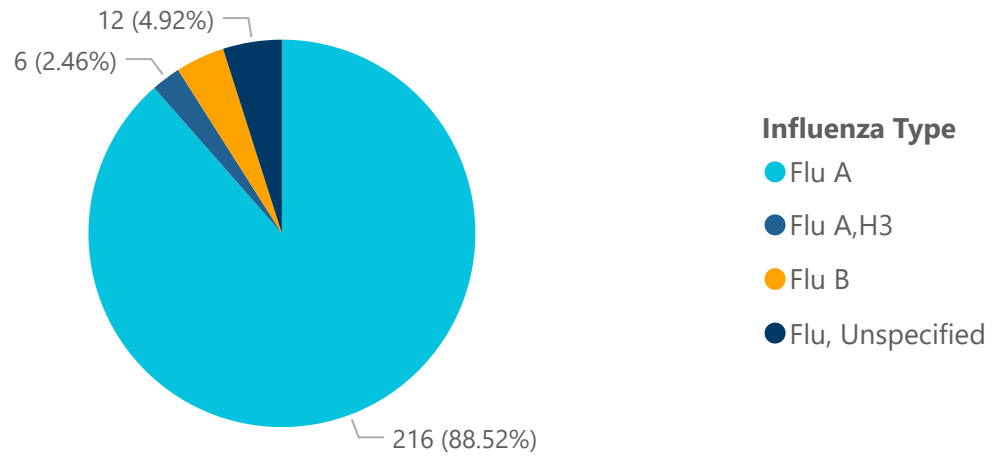
Influenza (flu) activity remains low in California but is beginning to increase, with 3.0% of the laboratory specimens testing positive during Week 52 (12/26/21 - 1/1/22), compared to 2.4% the week before. In California, 0.2% of hospitalized cases were flu admissions, compared to 0.0% the week before.¹ Based on CDC information, activity is increasing, especially in the central and eastern parts of the United States. Public health laboratories have detected mostly Influenza A (H3N2) cases. Nationally, there has been an increase in hospitalized cases.²

Majority of the cases in Long Beach are Influenza A cases and affect individuals 18-39 years old, followed by those 0-17 years old. The first influenza death in Long Beach has been reported this week.

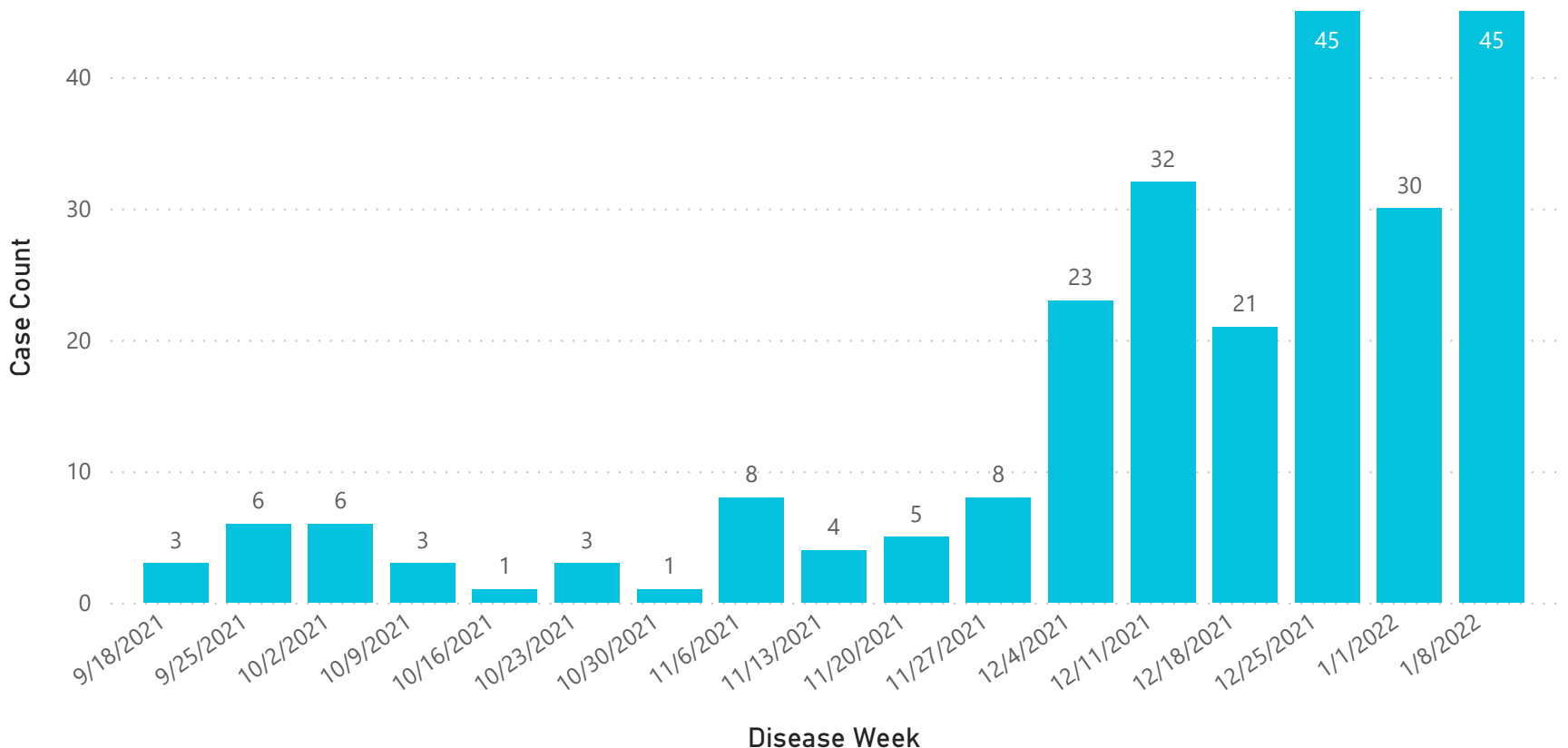
Total Cases ³
244
Outbreaks ⁴
0
Deaths ⁵
1

*All numbers as of 9/1/2021

Cases by Influenza Type

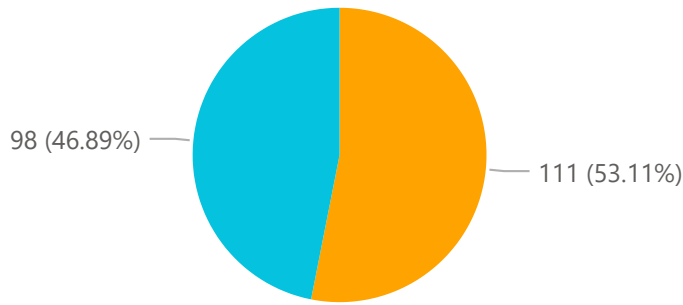


Case Count by MMWR Week



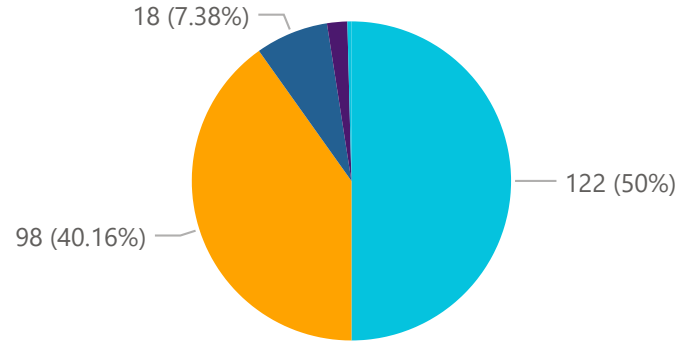


Cases by Gender



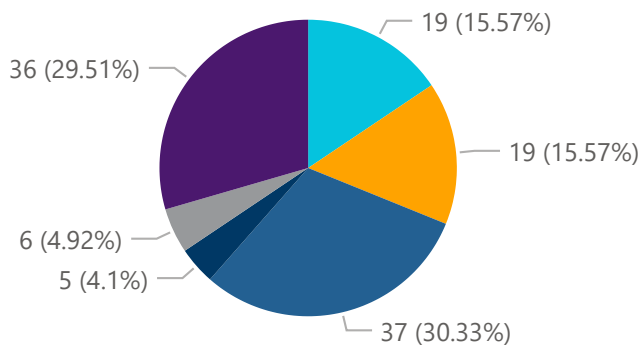
Gender ● Female ● Male

Cases by Age Group



Age ● 0 to 17 ● 18 to 39 ● 40 to 64 ● Over 65

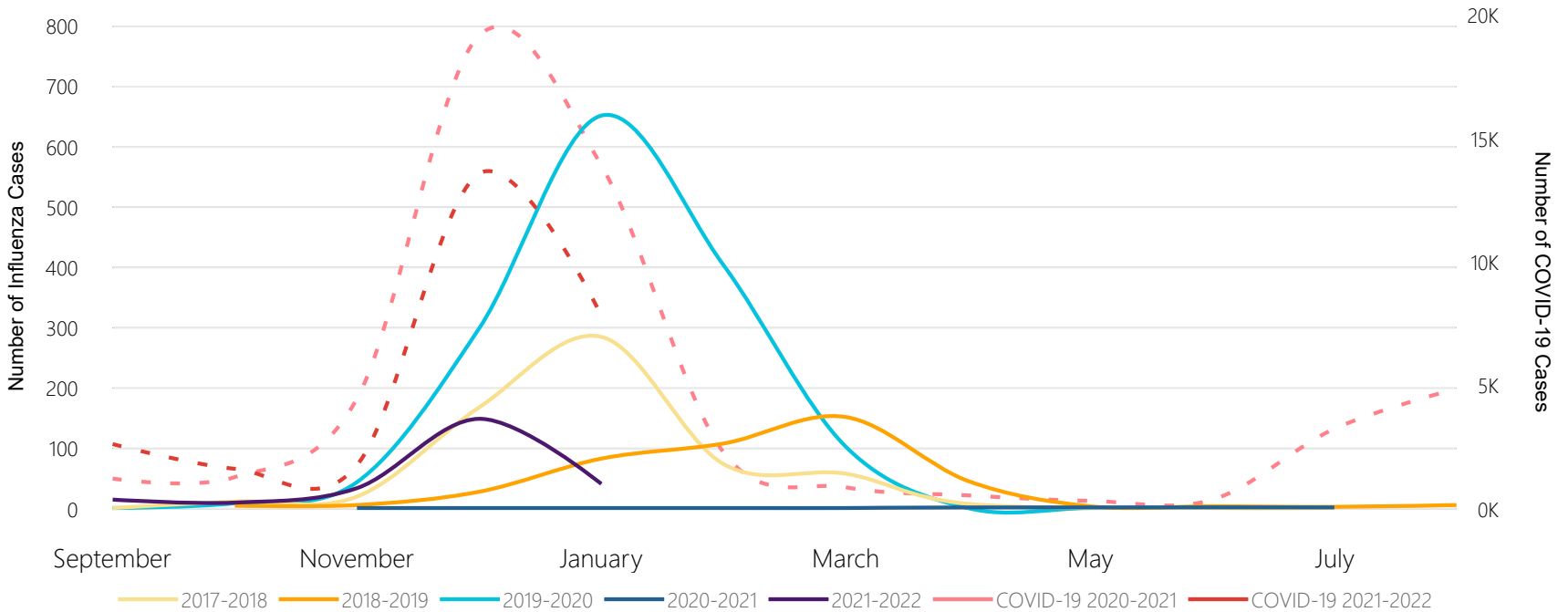
Cases by Race/Ethnicity



Race/Ethnicity

- Asian
- Black or African American
- Hispanic or Latino
- Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander
- Other
- White

Influenza and COVID-19 Trend by Season, 2017-2021



1. Influenza and Other Respiratory Viruses Weekly Report. California Influenza Surveillance Program, CDPH, Week 52.
2. Weekly U.S. Influenza Surveillance Report, CDC. <https://www.cdc.gov/flu/weekly/index.htm>
3. Total case counts are based on those reported to public health, the true number of influenza cases are under-reported.
4. Outbreaks are defined as at least one case of laboratory confirmed influenza and at least two residents with onset of influenza-like-illness (ILI) within 72 hours.
5. Number of deaths is based on influenza-coded deaths from death certificates. They are not necessarily laboratory-confirmed and may be an underestimate of all influenza-associated deaths.